

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations  
and is not a part of the Official Record

## **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

**IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.**

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,  
please do not report the images to the  
Image Problems Mailbox.**

**PCT**WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION  
International Bureau

## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<b>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>7</sup> :</b> <b>H04N 5/445, 5/45</b>	<b>A1</b>	<b>(11) International Publication Number:</b> <b>WO 00/30349</b> <b>(43) International Publication Date:</b> 25 May 2000 (25.05.00)
<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/EP99/08240 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 27 October 1999 (27.10.99)  <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> 09/191,598 13 November 1998 (13.11.98) US  <b>(71) Applicant:</b> KONINKLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V. [NL/NL]; Groenewoudseweg 1, NL-5621 BA Eindhoven (NL).  <b>(72) Inventors:</b> CAVALLERANO, Alan, P.; Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL). SHEN, Richard, C.; Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL). CIACCI, Claudio; Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL).  <b>(74) Agent:</b> GROENENDAAL, Antonius, W., M.; Internationaal Octrooibureau B.V., Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> JP, KR, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> A METHOD AND DEVICE FOR DETECTING AN EVENT IN A PROGRAM OF A VIDEO AND/OR AUDIO SIGNAL AND FOR PROVIDING THE PROGRAM TO A DISPLAY UPON DETECTION OF THE EVENT  <b>(57) Abstract</b>  A device for automatically providing program information to a television display upon detection of an event in the program. The event being a user definable event. The device also provides automatic PIP display of the program having the event and a delay of the event so that it is not missed by the viewer.		

**FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY**

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand		
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakhstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

A method and device for detecting an event in a program of a video and/or audio signal and for providing the program to a display upon detection of the event.

## FIELD OF THE INVENTION

he present invention relates in general to television receivers and in particular to a device which receives video and/or audio material and automatically displays in the picture-in-picture (PIP) a particular program based on some event occurring in the program.

5

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A television feature called PIP allows a television viewer to view a main television program while monitoring (typically in a small "window") another PIP program. When an exciting event occurs in the PIP program, the viewer can swap the program being  
10 viewed in the main display with the program being viewed in the PIP. The problems with such a system are that the viewer cannot monitor the audio information in the PIP, and in addition the PIP occupies a portion of the main display which is quite annoying to a viewer watching on the program information in the main display.

For viewers without PIP, many will switch from a favorite channel to another  
15 channel while waiting for some event to occur on the favorite channel. It is typical, for example, for a viewer to switch back and forth between a football game and some other programming while there is little action in the football game, but many times a touchdown is missed without the viewer even knowing it.

In previously known television receiving devices aimed at solving these  
20 problems, such as that disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,585,865, the televisions monitor the program content of a channel by relying on additional data which is transmitted with a television signal, such as the data received from the Extended Data Service (EDS). In this prior art television receiver a user selects a particular genre of programming that he/she would like to view such as "Sports". The EDS data is then extracted from the incoming video signals  
25 and compared to the genre selected by the viewer. If a match is found on a particular channel the television tuner is switched to this channel.

The problems associated with such a system is that it requires "program type" data, which indicates the type of program ( e.g. "Sports" "Movie" "News" etc.), to be transmitted in addition to the video signal. The user therefore must rely on the broadcasters to

agree to transmit such "program type" data. Even if there is an agreement among broadcasters to transmit this data, such a monitoring system does not permit a user to monitor data on a user defined basis and more importantly the user cannot monitor events occurring in the video signal or in the audio signal but only events occurring in the EDS data. In particular the user cannot monitor information occurring within the program such as when a favorite sports figure's name is mentioned during a program, whether it is during a sporting event or simply on the news. Similarly, it is known to detect header information in the transmitted signal for various purposes, but to date a user has been unable to define what information the user would like to detect in the video signal or audio signal.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is an object of the invention to provide a television receiver and method of detecting particular events occurring in a video and/or audio signal and automatically providing a program having the event to the television receiver upon the detection of the particular event.

It is another object of the invention to automatically provide in a PIP window the program having the detected event, even if the PIP window is not originally being displayed. This enables the viewer to quickly swap the main display with the PIP window if the user wishes to view the PIP program.

It is another object of the invention to detect a particular event occurring in another program, store the frames making up the event in a memory to thereby capture the event missed by the viewer, and then display the event either as a PIP window or a main window but delayed by the memory.

It is yet another object of the invention to detect an event by monitoring the audio signal of a program using speech recognition technology.

It is even a further object of the invention to detect text occurring in a program using text recognition technology.

It is yet even another object of the invention to provide the viewer with the ability to enter a particular word or sound (such as the crowd's roar) as the event to be detected.

It is yet a further object of the invention to monitor the video for a particular shape such as a weather map or a football.

It is yet even another object of the invention to enable a viewer to surf the web (e.g. using a WebTV) while monitoring in the background video/audio program information

for an exciting event. Similarly a viewer can monitor video/audio information while using a word processing program on a PC equipped with a tuner.

The invention accordingly comprises the methods and features of construction, combination of elements, and arrangement of parts which will be exemplified in the construction hereinafter set forth, and the scope of the invention will be indicated in the claims.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the invention reference is made to the following drawings:

Figure 1 shows a television receiver having a PIP;

Figure 2 shows a block diagram of a smart PIP in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 3 shows a block diagram of a smart PIP and a shape detector in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention;

Figure 4 shows a PC configured for the present invention; and

Figure 5 shows the internal structure of the PC in Fig. 4.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Figure 1 shows a television set 2 with a main display 3 and a PIP display 4. Figure 2 is a block diagram of a smart PIP system wherein instead of the PIP being either ON or OFF, the PIP device is operating in the background searching for a predefined condition or event. When the predefined condition or event is found then the PIP window is turned ON.

The specific operation of such a preferred embodiment is explained with reference to Fig. 2.

The main channel tuner demodulator 10 receives the RF video and/or audio information of a plurality of programs and tunes into a particular program. The main channel decoder 30 decodes the digital video and/or audio information of the particular program and supplies the decoded video and/or audio to the 'a' input of multiplexer 90.

The PIP channel tuner/demodulator 20 receives the RF video and/or audio information of a plurality of programs and tunes into a particular program for display in the PIP. The digital PIP program is then decoded in the PIP channel decoder 40. The PIP formatting and memory 50 formats the video information of the PIP program for the smaller PIP display. The delay memory 60 stores the formatted PIP program for a predetermined

period of time which operates as a delay of the video information. The delayed formatted video is supplied to the 'b' input of multiplexer 90.

The user inputs, at the user interface 70, the particular event to be detected in the PIP program such as text, audio, web information, etc. The real-time data and sound  
5 detector 80 analyzes the PIP program information for the particular event. Once the event is detected the select line of the multiplexer 90 is activated and causes the PIP program having the detected event to be displayed, delayed by a predetermined amount of time, in a PIP.

In an alternative embodiment of the invention, the program having the detected event is displayed in the main display rather than the PIP display. In such an embodiment,  
10 either there is a single tuner 20 or there is no PIP formatting memory 50.

In addition, the system is capable of monitoring several programs for the particular event by just increasing the number of tuners available. The program having the detected event is then displayed in the PIP.

The real time data and sound detector 80 could be any well known speech  
15 recognition circuitry, such as the Philips Free Speech technology. In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the user monitors the program information for a word or phrase selected from a predefined vocabulary list of terms or phrases. This will greatly improve the accuracy of the speech recognition technology. Such words may include: touchdown, score, President, weather, New York Stock Exchange, Dow, Yankees, etc. A menu is easily provided on-screen  
20 which contains the vocabulary list. Alternatively instead of a predefined vocabulary list, the viewer uses an on-screen keyboard which enables the viewer to type in text corresponding to a word the user wishes to detect, e.g. Mike Piazza, Matt Lauer, Barney, etc.

Alternatively, or in combination, the data and sound detector includes text  
recognition circuitry for scanning the video information for text within the frames of video.  
25 Each frame of video is received in the form of a bitmap and software such as the Zerox Text Bridge Pro or PAGIS Pro can be used to search the bit map images for text. It can also be envisioned where future televisions display web site information and this web site information is detected within the video using some form of text recognition such as those mentioned  
above or text recognition that recognizes Java.

30 In another application of the invention the PC shown in Figs. 4 and 5 includes a tuner. Software is provided which monitors the program information for a particular event and either, upon detection, provides the program to the monitor or to a window on the monitor. Similarly it is common for a user to have in her den a web browser attached to the television. In such a situation it is practical to have some type of background monitoring of the program

information being performed for one member of the family while another member of the family is surfing the web.

Furthermore, with the superior capability available for analyzing the video content of a digitally encoded program, a particular shape can be easily located with the instant invention. Figure 3 shows a modification of Figure 2 with shape detection circuitry 19.

All broadcasters may be required to broadcast MPEG-4 video information along with the broadcast signal. MPEG-4 is an encoding scheme used for transmitting video in low bandwidth networks. It enables a broadcaster to send program information to anyone, whether the receiver is a hand-held device having a very low resolution monitor and a low bandwidth connection to the broadcaster's signal or an HDTV receiver having a high resolution monitor and high bandwidth connection to the broadcaster. MPEG-4 uses object type coding where objects are identified in the video and a code for the particular object is transmitted rather than the detail of the specific object. For example, instead of coding a brick house by encoding all of the detail in each brick, MPEG-4 sends a code which indicates that the house is brick and the receiver fills in the house with a brick from a template. Similarly if a football is being encoded, MPEG-4 sends a shape code of an oval and motion vectors of where the oval is placed in the background. The output of MPEG-4 is a spectrum of DCT coefficients.

Depending on the object being transmitted the pattern of the DCT coefficients will vary.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention there is a template 16 of object patterns stored in the receiver. These patterns are in the form of DCT coefficients. Each object has a specific DCT coefficient pattern associated with it. The receiver stores a list of objects available to the viewer. The user can display the list of objects on-screen for easy selection. The user selects a particular object and the DCT coefficient pattern of this object is selected. The MPEG-4 signal is extracted from the baseband signal and MPEG-4 decoded at 12. The DCT coefficients of the incoming video are provided to DCT memory 14. A comparator 18 compares the template pattern 16 to the incoming DCT coefficient patterns 14.

Once a template DCT coefficient pattern matches the incoming DCT coefficient pattern the multiplexer 90 is activated via the mux select and the frames stored in the 15 second delay memory 60 are provided to the PIP. This 15 second delay ensures that the user does not miss the event before it is displayed.

Figure 4 shows a representative embodiment of a computer system 31 on which the present invention may be implemented. As shown in Figure 4, personal computer ("PC") 32 includes network connection 39 for interfacing to a network, such as a variable-bandwidth network or the Internet, and cable television connection 12 for interfacing with other remote



sources such as a coaxial cable television line. PC 32 also includes display screen 33 for displaying information (including video data) to a user, keyboard 34 for inputting text and user commands, mouse 35 for positioning a cursor on display screen 33 and for inputting user commands, disk drive 36 for reading from and writing to floppy disks installed therein, and  
5 CD-ROM drive 37 for accessing information stored on CD-ROM. PC 32 may also have one or more peripheral devices attached thereto, such as a video conference camera for inputting images, or the like, and printer 38 for outputting images, text, or the like.

Figure 5 shows the internal structure of PC 32. As shown in Figure 5, PC 32 includes memory 21, which comprises a computer-readable medium such as a computer hard  
10 disk. Memory 21 stores data 23, applications 25, print driver 24, and operating system 26. In preferred embodiments of the invention, operating system 26 is a windowing operating system, such as Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows95; although the invention may be used with other operating systems as well. Among the applications stored in memory 21 are channel decoder 40, data and sound detector 12, comparator 18, template 16, DCT memory 14, delay memory  
15 60 and multiplexer 90.

Also included in PC 10 are display interface 29, keyboard interface 47, mouse interface 31, disk drive interface 42, CD-ROM drive interface 43, computer bus 46, RAM 44, processor 45, and television interface tuner demodulator 20 and channel decoder 40. Processor 45 preferably comprises a microprocessor or the like for executing applications,  
20 such those noted above, out of RAM 44. Such applications may be stored in memory 21 (as noted above) or, alternatively, on a floppy disk in disk drive 36 or a CD-ROM in CD-ROM drive 37. Processor 45 accesses applications (or other data) stored on a floppy disk via disk drive interface 42 and accesses applications (or other data) stored on a CD-ROM via CD-ROM drive interface 43.

25 Application execution and other tasks of PC 32 may be initiated using keyboard 34 or mouse 35, commands from which are transmitted to processor 45 via keyboard interface 47 and mouse interface 41, respectively. Output results from applications running on PC 32 may be processed by display interface 29 and then displayed to a user on display 33 or, alternatively, output via network connection 39. For example, input video data which has  
30 been received via cable television interface tuner demodulator 40 can be displayed by display 33. To this end, display interface 29 preferably comprises a display processor for forming video images based on decoded video data provided by processor 45 over computer bus 46 and for outputting those images to display 33. Output results from other applications, such as word processing programs, running on PC 32, may be provided to disk drive interface 42.

The user of the above described PC can work on a word processing program while monitoring a football game for a touchdown. Once a touchdown is detected, either via speech recognition, text recognition or shape recognition, the football game is automatically provided to the display 33.

5           It will thus be seen that the objects set forth above, and those made apparent from the preceding description are efficiently obtained and, since certain changes may be made in the above construction without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention, it is intended that all matter contained in the above description or shown in the accompanying drawings shall be interpreted as illustrative and not in a limiting sense.

10           It is also to be understood that the following claims are intended to cover all the generic and specific features of the invention herein described, and all statements of the scope of the invention, which, as a matter of language, might be said to fall therebetween.

## CLAIMS:

1. A device for receiving a video and/or audio signal comprising a plurality of different programs, comprising:
  - an input (20) which receives the video and/or audio signal;
  - a user interface (70) which receives a user input pertaining to an event;
  - 5 a detector (80,19) which analyzes the video and/or audio signal of at least one program to detect the event in the program; and
  - a selector (90) for automatically, upon detection of the event, providing to a display the program containing the event.
- 10 2. The device as claimed in claim 1, further including a PIP device (50) which automatically displays in a PIP the program having the detected event.
3. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the event is an audio event and the detector (80) is a speech recognition device for detecting audio in the audio signal of the at  
15 least one program.
4. The device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the detector (80) is a text recognition device which scans the video information for text, and wherein the user interface (70) includes a device which enables the user to enter as the event to be detected specific text.  
20
5. The device as claimed in claim 1, further including a shape detector (19) for detecting shapes in the video information of the at least one program, and wherein the user interface (70) includes a device which enables the user to enter, as the event to be detected, shape inputs.  
25
6. The device as claimed in claim 5 wherein the shape detector (19) analyzes MPEG-4 video information.

7. The device as claimed in claim 1, further including a memory (60) for storing a particular length of audio and/or video information such that the program containing the event is delayed when supplied to the display (3,4) upon detection of the event.

5 8. A method of receiving a video and/or audio signal comprising a plurality of different programs, comprising the steps of:

receiving the video and/or audio signal;

receiving a user input pertaining to an event to be detected;

analyzing the video and/or audio signal of at least one program to detect the

10 event in the program; and

providing to a display (3,4) the program containing the event upon detection of the event.

9. The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the step of providing provides to a  
15 PIP display the program containing the event.

10. The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the step of analyzing performs speech recognition and scans the audio signal for audio events, and wherein the step of receiving a user input receives an audio event to be detected.

20 11. The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the step of analyzing performs text recognition and scans the video signal for text, and wherein the step of receiving a user input receives text to be detected.

25 12. The method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the step of analyzing performs shape recognition and scans the video signal for shapes, and wherein the step of receiving a user input receives a shape to be detected.

30 13. The method as claimed in claim 11, wherein the user input is correlated to a particular DCT coefficient pattern and the step of receiving the video receives MPEG-4 video in the form of DCT coefficient patterns and the step of analyzing analyzes the DCT coefficient patterns of the MPEG-4 video to detect the particular DCT coefficient pattern.

14. The method as claimed in claim 12, wherein the step of analyzing includes a step of comparing a user selected shape retrieved from a template of shapes defined as DCT coefficient patterns with the DCT coefficient patterns of the MPEG-4 video.

5 15. The method as claimed in claim 8, further including a delay step to delay the program having the detected event so that display of the program captures the detected event.

16. An apparatus for detecting an event in a video signal comprising a plurality of programs, the apparatus comprising:

10 memory (21) which stores process steps; and

processor (45) which executes the process steps stored in the memory so as (i) to detect, in at least one program, an event which has been selected by a user; and (ii) to output automatically to a display upon detection of the event the program containing the event.

1/5

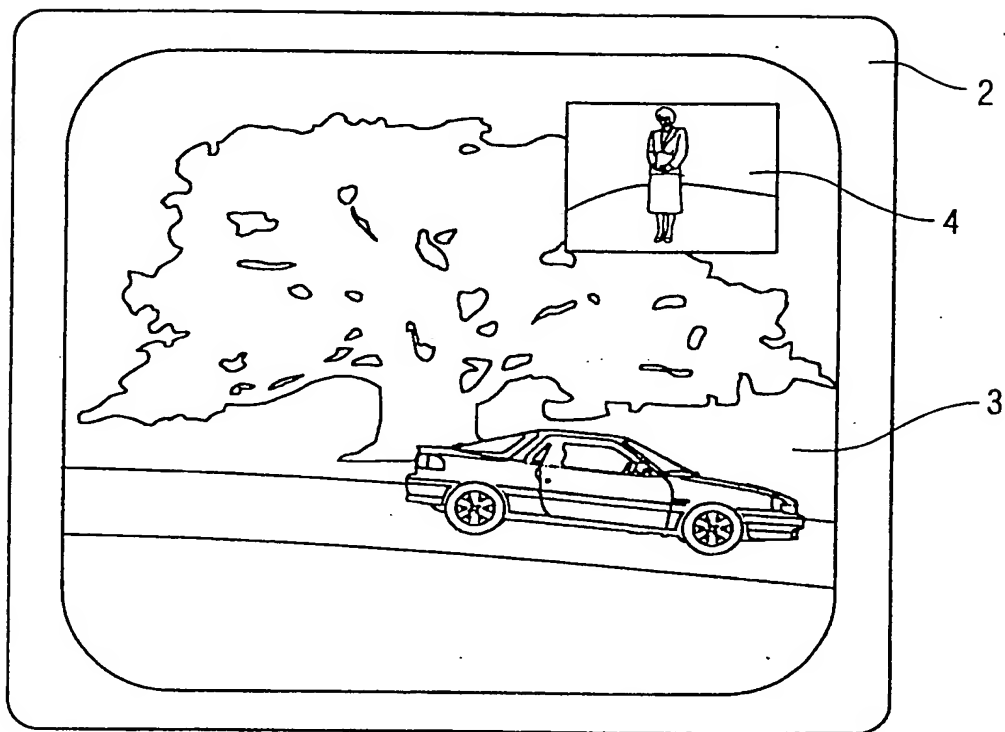


FIG. 1

2/5

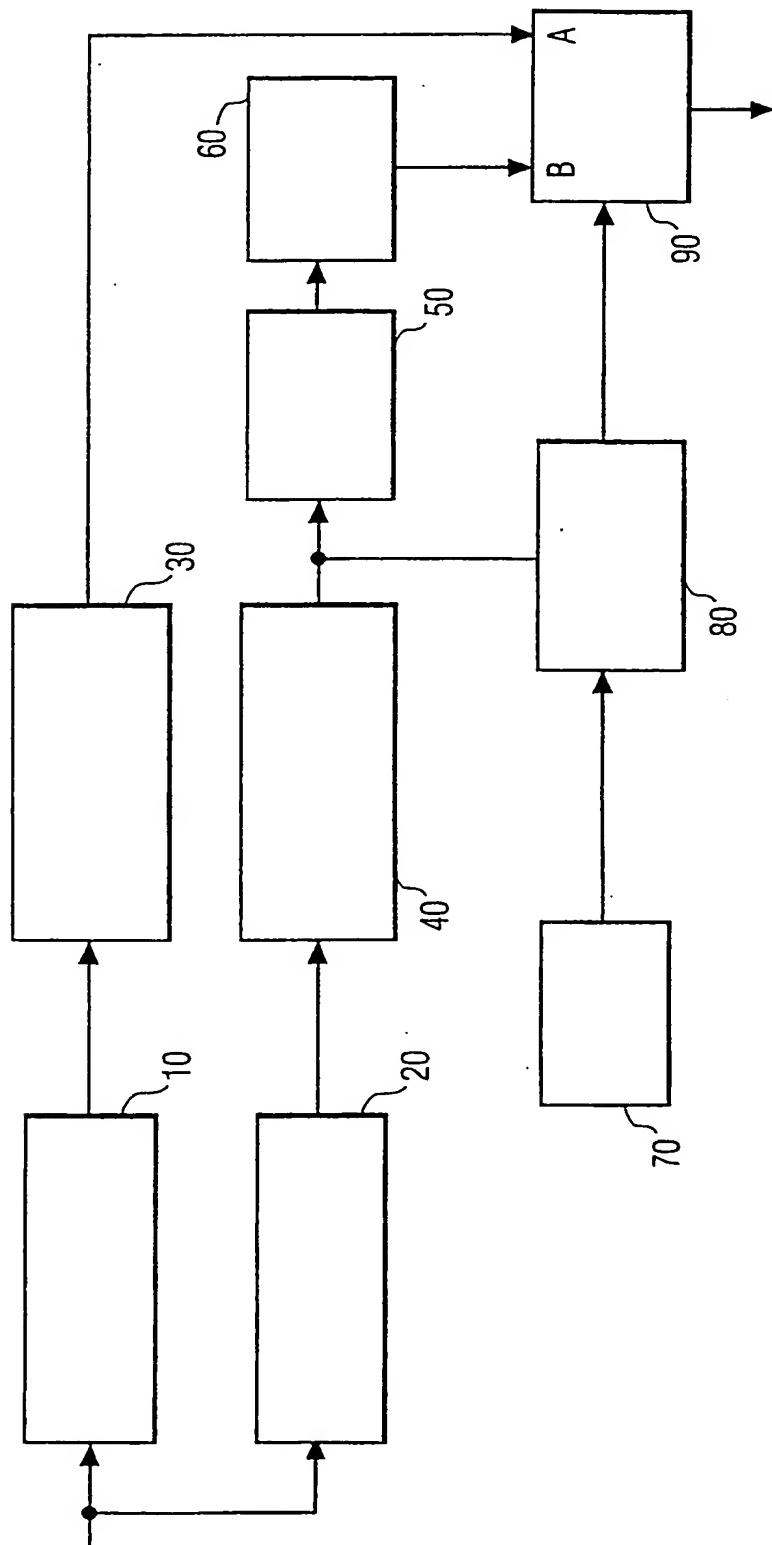


FIG. 2

3/5

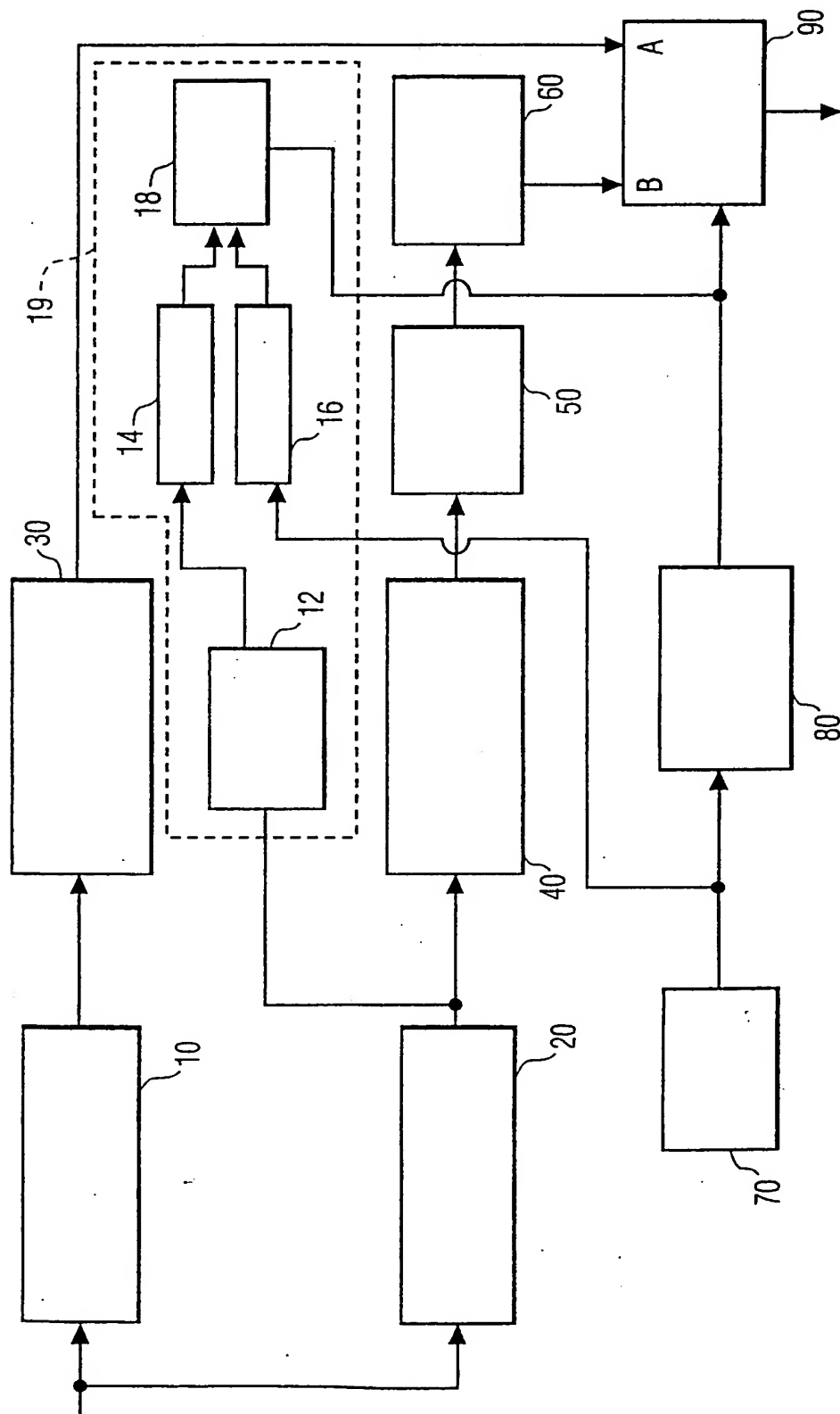


FIG. 3



4/5

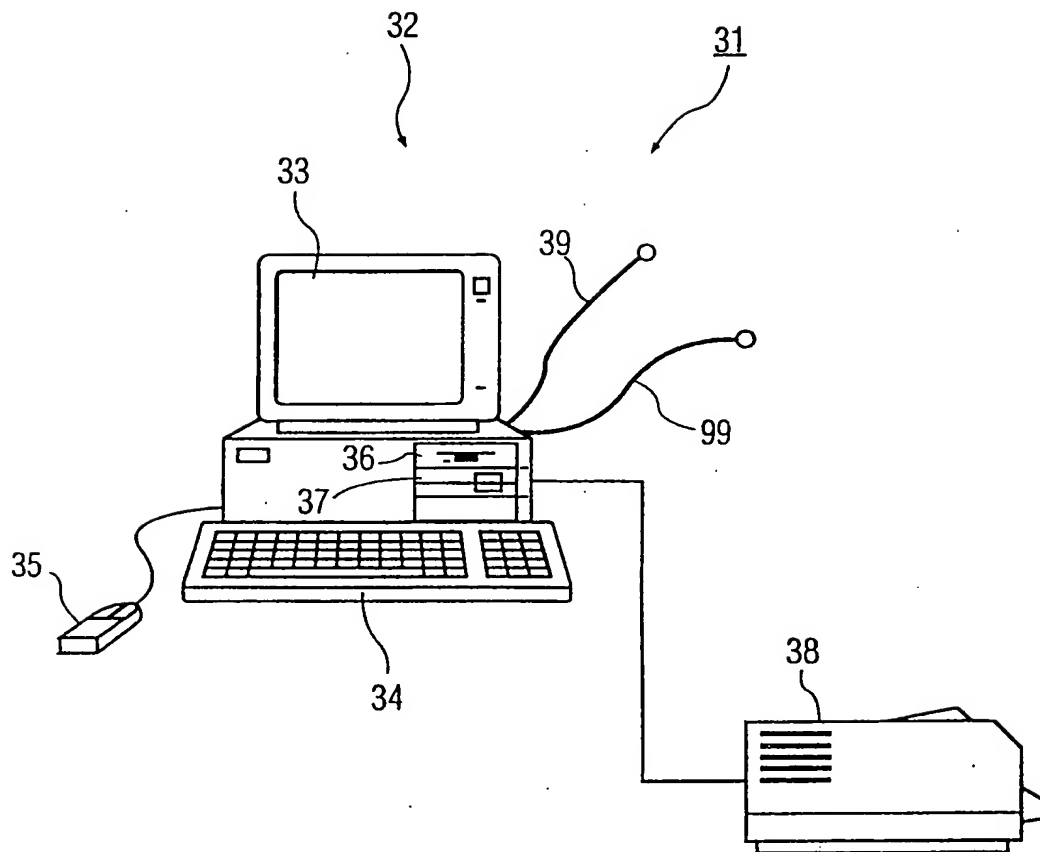


FIG. 4

5/5

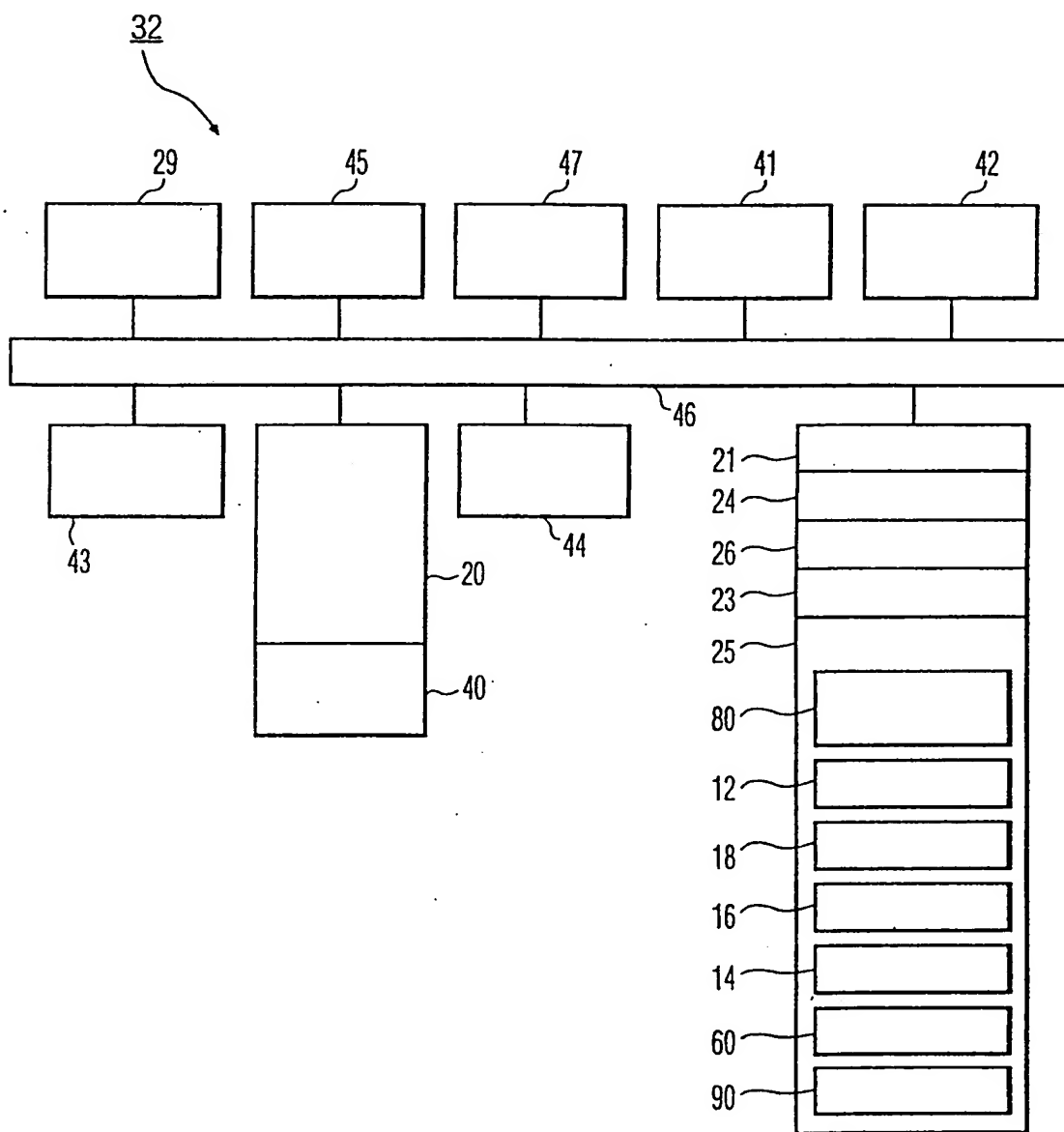


FIG. 5

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 99/08240

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  
IPC 7 H04N5/445 H04N5/45

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04N

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 27840 A (TELEVITESSE SYSTEMS INC.) 12 September 1996 (1996-09-12)	1-4, 7-11, 15, 16
Y	the whole document	5, 12
Y	US 4 230 990 A (LERT J. ET AL) 28 October 1980 (1980-10-28) the whole document	5, 12
A	DE 195 48 957 A (LG ELECTRONICS INC.) 11 July 1996 (1996-07-11) column 4, line 62 -column 9, line 15	1, 2, 8, 9, 16
A	EP 0 502 255 A (TECNOENERGIA BY TEL S.R.L.) 9 September 1992 (1992-09-09) the whole document	1, 2, 8, 9, 16
	--- -/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

### \* Special categories of cited documents :

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

29 December 1999

Date of mailing of the international search report

12/01/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Verschelden, J

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 99/08240

## C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 5 798 785 A (HENDRICKS J. ET AL) 25 August 1998 (1998-08-25) column 20, line 57 -column 21, line 45 ---	1,8,16
A	US 5 621 454 A (ELLIS M. ET AL) 15 April 1997 (1997-04-15) the whole document ---	1,8,16
A	ROSENGREN J.: "ELECTRONIC PROGRAMME GUIDES AND SERVICE INFORMATION" PHILIPS JOURNAL OF RESEARCH, NL, ELSEVIER , AMSTERDAM, vol. 50, no. 1/02, 1 July 1996 (1996-07-01), pages 253-265, XP000627674 the whole document ---	1,8,16
P,X	EP 0 912 053 A (CANAL+ SOCIETE ANONYME) 28 April 1999 (1999-04-28) the whole document -----	1,8,16

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP 99/08240

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9627840 A	12-09-1996	AU 4780996 A	23-09-1996
		CA 2214605 A	12-09-1996
		EP 0813716 A	29-12-1997
		JP 11505682 T	21-05-1999
US 4230990 A	28-10-1980	NONE	
DE 19548957 A	11-07-1996	KR 127028 B	29-12-1997
		KR 127027 B	29-12-1997
		JP 8242414 A	17-09-1996
		US 5786869 A	28-07-1998
EP 502255 A	09-09-1992	IT 1241363 B	10-01-1994
		DE 69126517 D	17-07-1997
		DE 69126517 T	02-01-1998
		ES 2103769 T	01-10-1997
		HK 1006905 A	19-03-1999
US 5798785 A	25-08-1998	AU 1333795 A	19-06-1995
		AU 693148 B	25-06-1998
		AU 1430695 A	19-06-1995
		BR 9408211 A	26-08-1997
		CA 2177153 A	08-06-1995
		CA 2177154 A	08-06-1995
		EP 0732027 A	18-09-1996
		EP 0732031 A	18-09-1996
		EP 0963116 A	08-12-1999
		JP 9506225 T	17-06-1997
		JP 9510327 T	14-10-1997
		NZ 278185 A	27-04-1998
		WO 9515649 A	08-06-1995
		WO 9515658 A	08-06-1995
		AT 177277 T	15-03-1999
		AT 176840 T	15-03-1999
		AT 183352 T	15-08-1999
		AT 176841 T	15-03-1999
		AU 4440797 A	29-01-1998
		AU 4532597 A	05-02-1998
		AU 693775 B	09-07-1998
		AU 5732994 A	04-07-1994
		AU 692427 B	11-06-1998
		AU 5733094 A	04-07-1994
		AU 691479 B	21-05-1998
		AU 5733194 A	04-07-1994
		AU 692428 B	11-06-1998
		AU 5733294 A	04-07-1994
		AU 5736394 A	04-07-1994
		AU 5845894 A	22-06-1994
		AU 5869894 A	04-07-1994
		AU 6066798 A	04-06-1998
		AU 6066898 A	04-06-1998
		BR 9307619 A	15-06-1999
		BR 9307621 A	15-06-1999
		BR 9307622 A	15-06-1999
		BR 9307624 A	15-06-1999
		CA 2151456 A	23-06-1994
		CA 2151457 A	23-06-1994
		CA 2151458 A	23-06-1994

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP 99/08240

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 5798785	A		CA 2151459 A	23-06-1994
			CA 2151460 A	23-06-1994
			CA 2151461 A	09-06-1994
			CA 2151462 A	23-06-1994
			CN 1093211 A	05-10-1994
			CN 1090451 A	03-08-1994
			CN 1090452 A	03-08-1994
			CN 1096151 A	07-12-1994
US 5621454	A	15-04-1997	US 5436653 A	25-07-1995
			AU 3427297 A	06-11-1997
			AU 678163 B	22-05-1997
			AU 4226093 A	29-11-1993
			CA 2134748 A	11-11-1993
			EP 0748563 A	18-12-1996
			JP 8500471 T	16-01-1996
			WO 9322875 A	11-11-1993
			US 5504518 A	02-04-1996
			US 5612729 A	18-03-1997
			US 5572246 A	05-11-1996
EP 912053	A	28-04-1999	AU 9277898 A	17-05-1999
			WO 9922514 A	06-05-1999

**THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)**

1/5

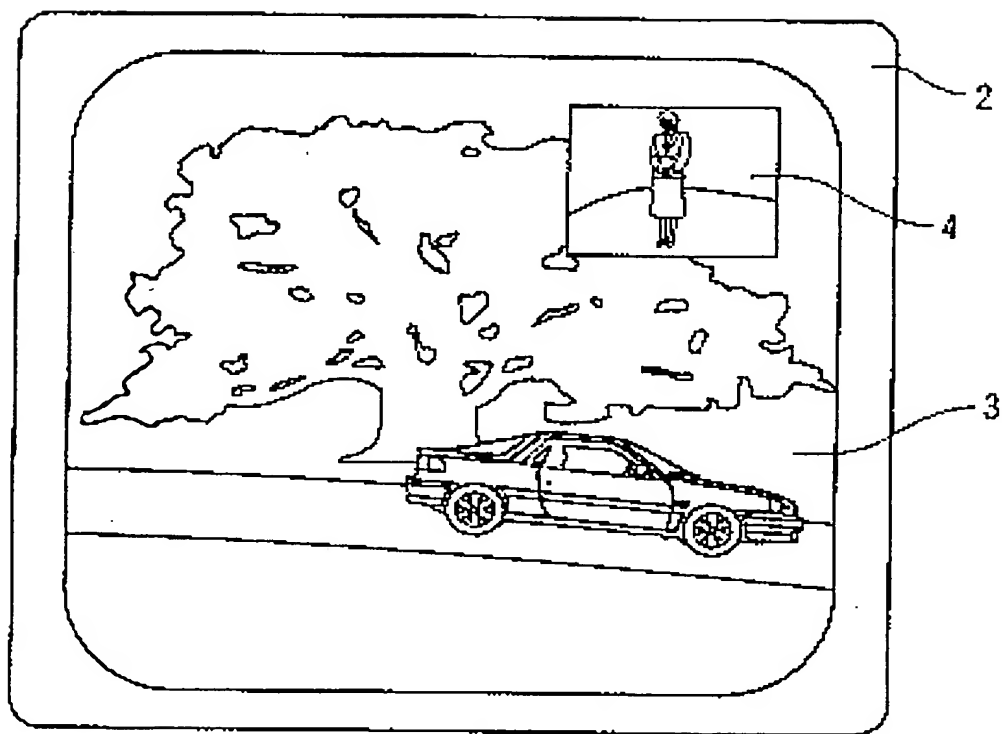


FIG. 1





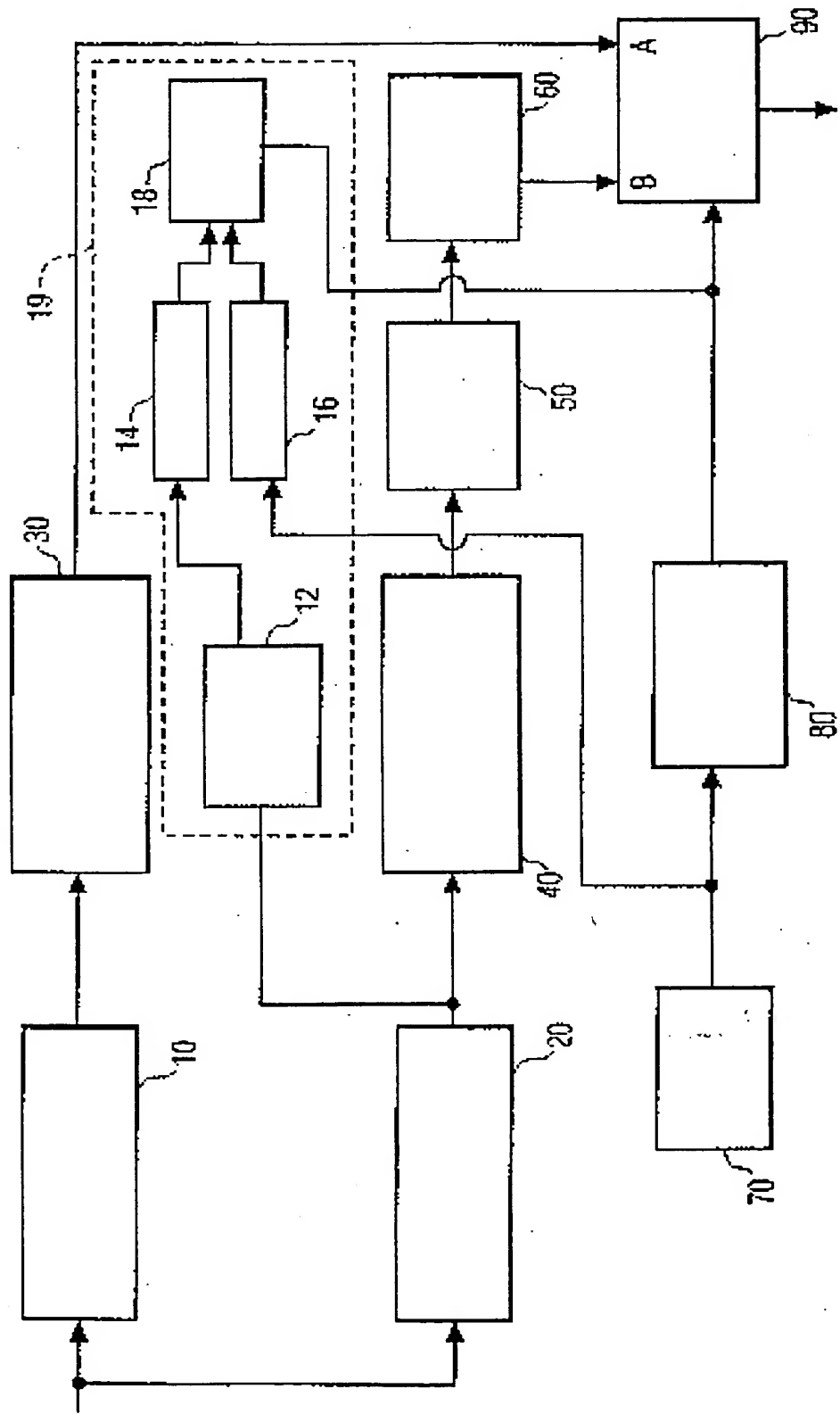


FIG. 3

4/5

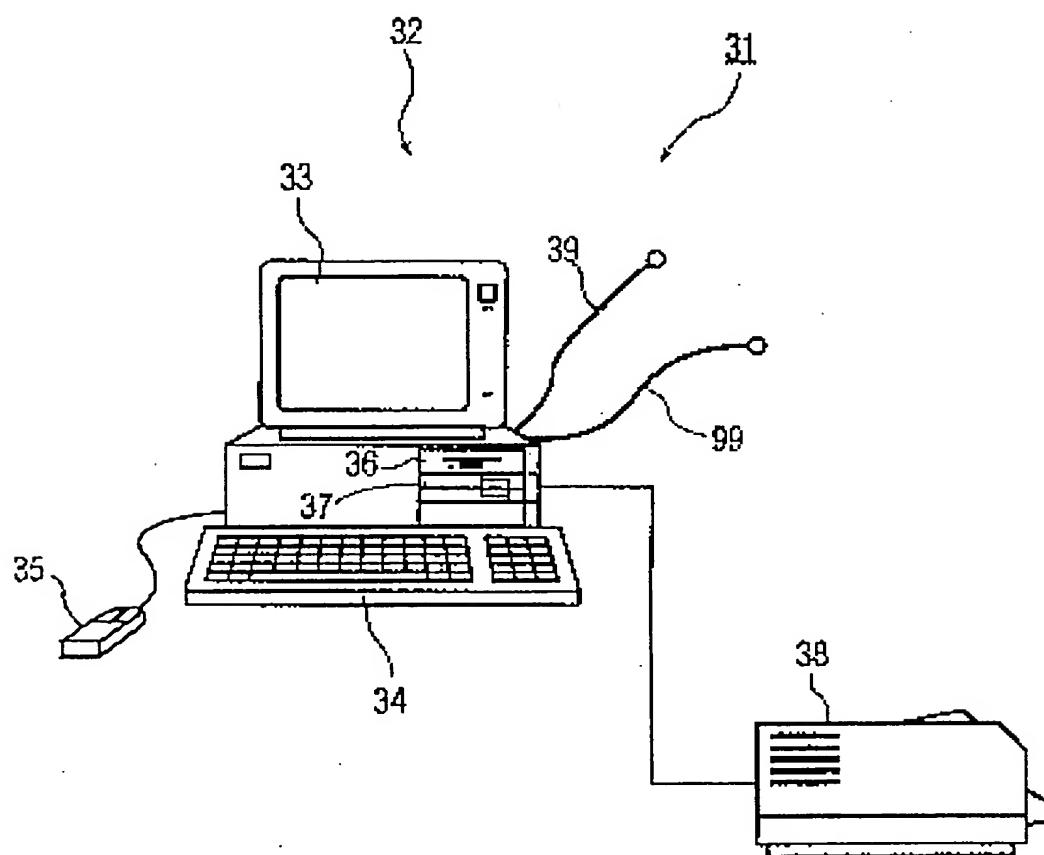


FIG. 4

5/5

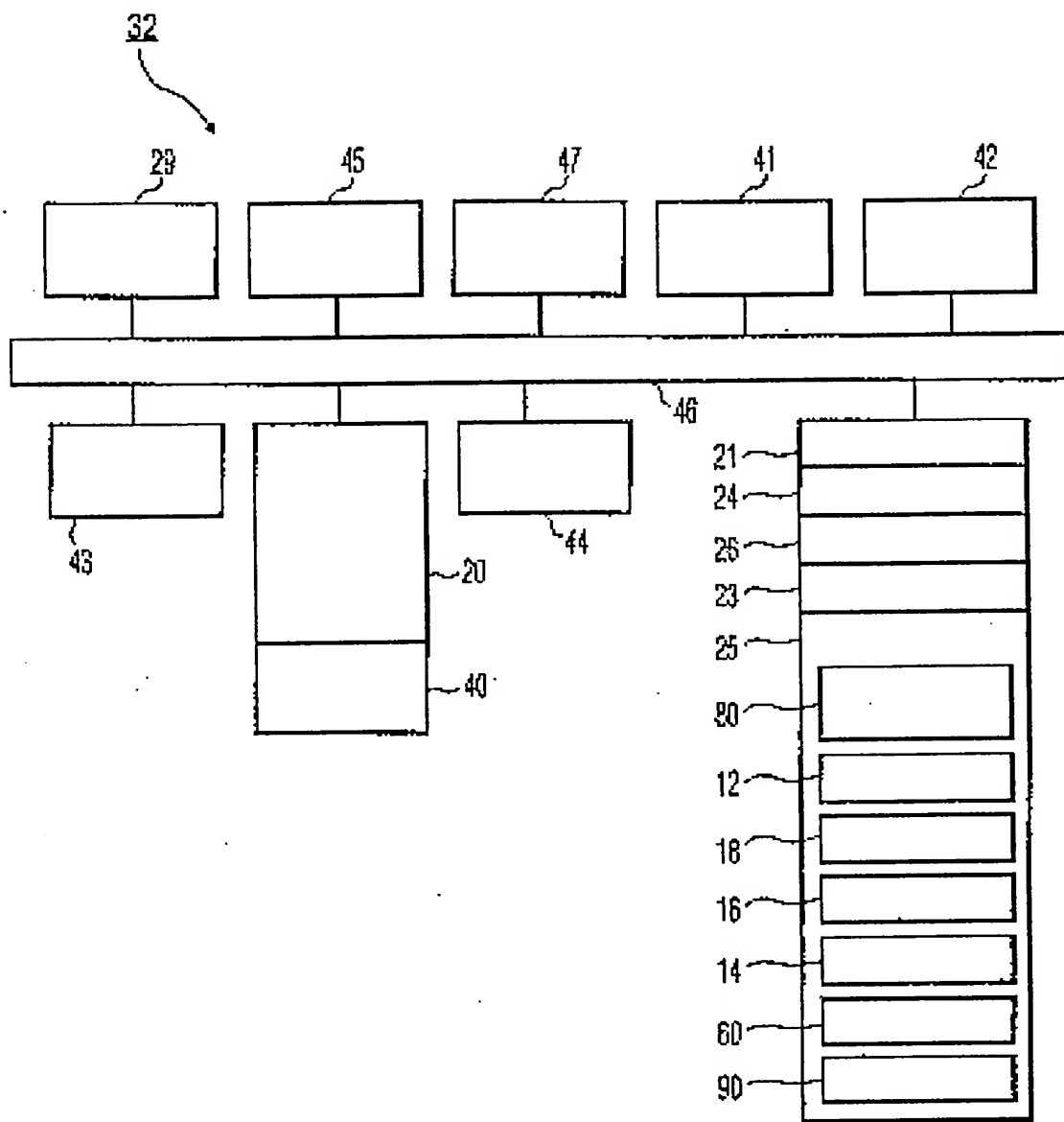


FIG. 5